

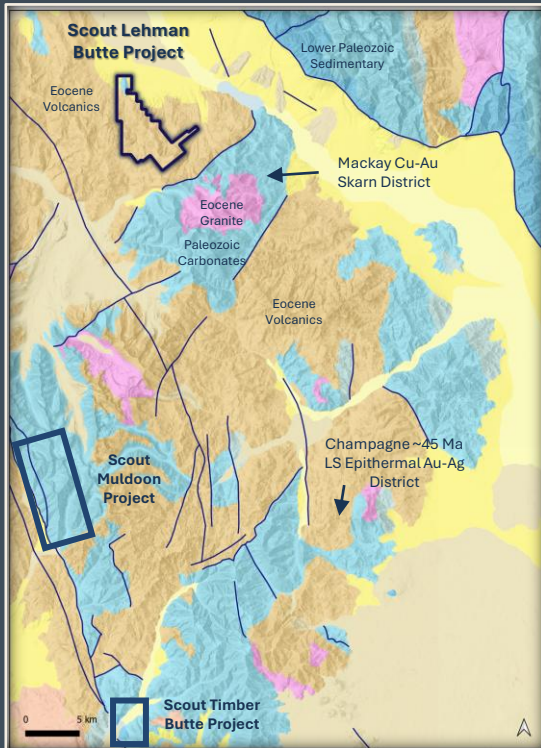
Lehman Butte

Low-sulfidation Epithermal Au-Ag Custer County, Idaho



HIGHLIGHTS

- Phase I drilling currently underway at a district-scale epithermal Au-Ag project in central Idaho – Multi-rig program commenced in February 2026
- >16 km² of intense clay-adularia alteration and quartz-FeOx breccias within Eocene tuffs associated with central banded quartz-adularia vein system (up to 2.5m wide veins with bladed quartz-after-calcite)
- 2.5 x 1 km gold-in-soil anomaly associated with vein system and widespread clay-adularia alteration in permeable lapilli tuff units beneath upper welded tuff
- Rock chip samples including 3.1 g/t Au and 52.7 g/t Ag, with highly anomalous As-Sb-Hg-Tl and low Pb-Zn in quartz-adularia-clay altered volcanoclastic rocks
- Analogous bulk tonnage low-sulfidation epithermal mineralization style to McDonald, MT¹ and Round Mountain, NV²



DETAILS

- Location: 15 km west of Mackay, ID
- Access: Approximately 4 km from highway 93, accessed by network of maintained gravel and dirt roads
- Land Status: 329 unpatented lode mining claims; 6,580 acres on BLM and USFS land
- Permitting: permit-ready
- Ownership: 100% Scout owned, acquired via staking in 2020-22; Centerra has the right to earn up to a 70% interest in the project per Scout and Centerra's Earn-In agreement
- 500+ soils collected in 2024

OPPORTUNITY

- Acquire a drill-ready gold project in the mining friendly state of Idaho, with no exploration since the 1980s
- Advance a district-scale property with a widespread low-sulfidation epithermal alteration footprint and corresponding 2.5 x 1 km gold-in-soil anomaly
- Drill test existing targets, explore and develop new targets through systematic mapping, soil and rock chip geochemistry, geophysics, and hyperspectral studies



Bladed quartz-after-calcite from deeper vein exposures on property



Banded quartz-adularia vein outcrop

TARGETS

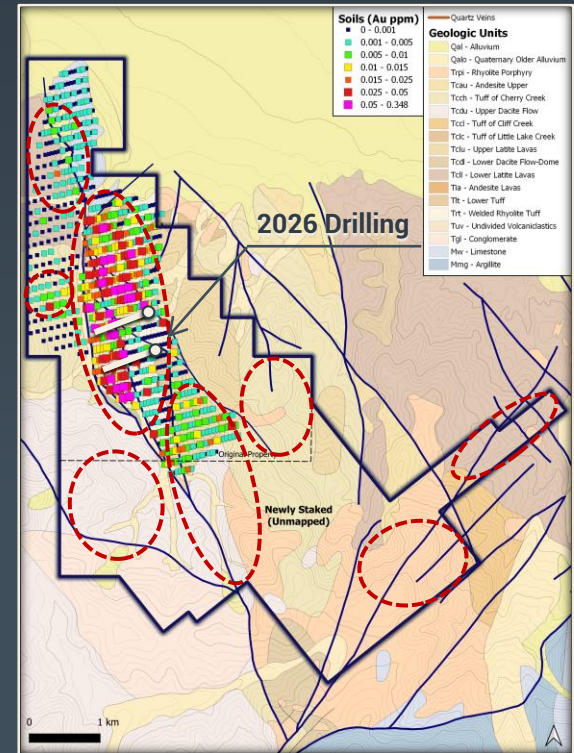
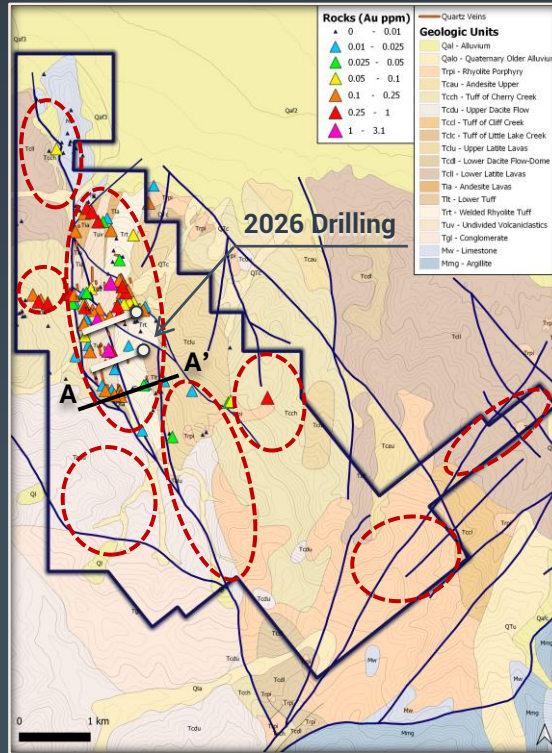
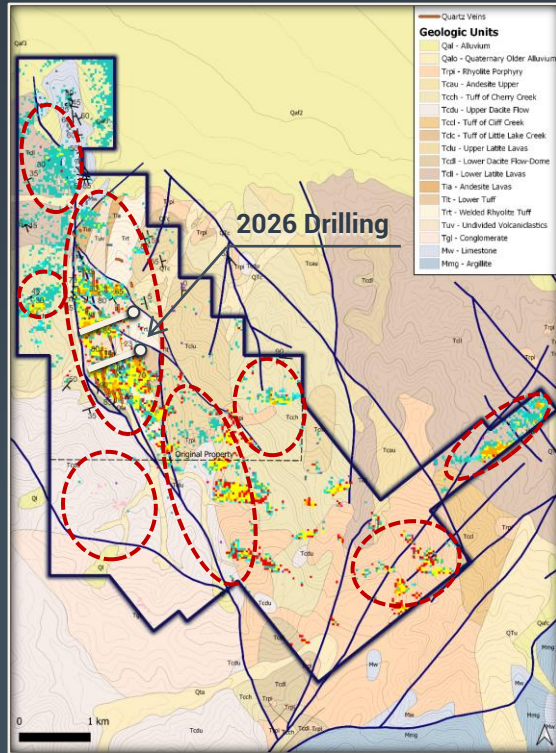
- Bulk tonnage gold mineralization in permeable lapilli tuffs beneath welded tuff (e.g. Round Mountain²)
 - Supported by major soil/rock chip anomaly associated with strong veining and alteration
- High grade, underground mineable banded quartz-adularia veins
 - 2.5m wide veins are key target at Eocene unconformity (e.g. Hishikari)
 - Quartz textures indicate boiling zone at depth

¹ Enders, M.S., Bartlett, M.W., Griffin, G.C., Volberding, J.E. and Young, D.P., 1995. Discovery of the McDonald gold deposit. *Mining Engineering*, 47(10), pp.916-921.

² Sander, M.V. and Einaudi, M.T., 1990. Epithermal deposition of gold during transition from propylitic to potassic alteration at Round Mountain, Nevada. *Economic Geology*, 85(2), pp.285-311.

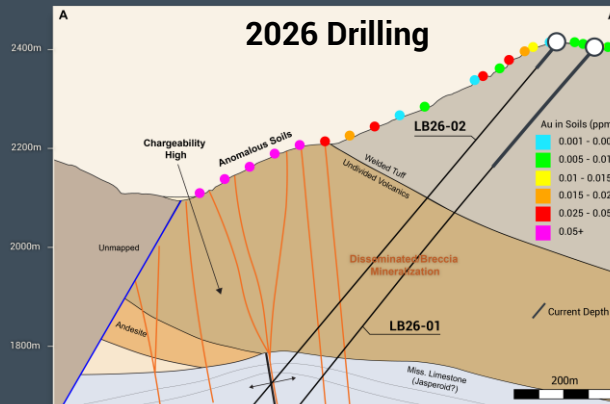
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GEOLOGY

- Host rocks:** Eocene intermediate lavas and interbedded tuffs, underlying limestone
- Structure:** NW to N-S trending normal fault system with NW secondary structures
- Alteration:** widespread clay-adularia alteration assemblages; up to 2.5m wide banded quartz veins; jasperoid in limestone
- Geochemistry:** Strong Au-Ag-As anomalies in rocks/soils; low Pb-Zn-Cu suggesting upper levels of epithermal system preserved.



Partner with Scout Discoveries Corp.

Scout Discoveries Corp is an Idaho based discovery generator, which focuses on advancing a large portfolio through drilling and resource assessment. Scout has internal core drilling capabilities, and our in-house teams are equipped to manage a project from its initial staking phase to resource estimation, allowing for cost-effective operations.

Once a project reaches a certain stage, we seek joint venture partners to further develop and commercialize the findings.

Amanda Irons, CPG, a Qualified Person as defined by National Instrument 43-101 and employee of the Company, has reviewed, verified and approved disclosure of the technical information contained in this presentation.