

Cuddy Mountain

Porphyry Cu-Mo, Washington County, Idaho



HIGHLIGHTS

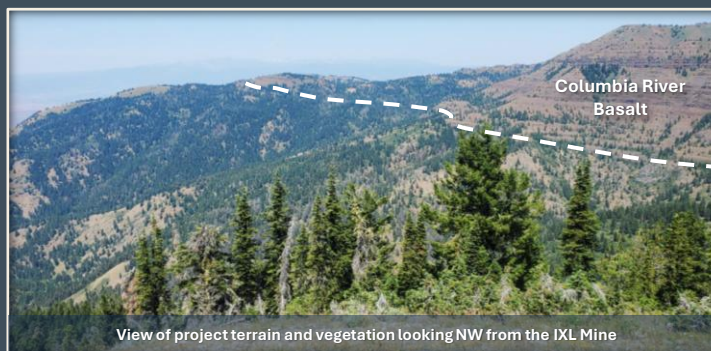
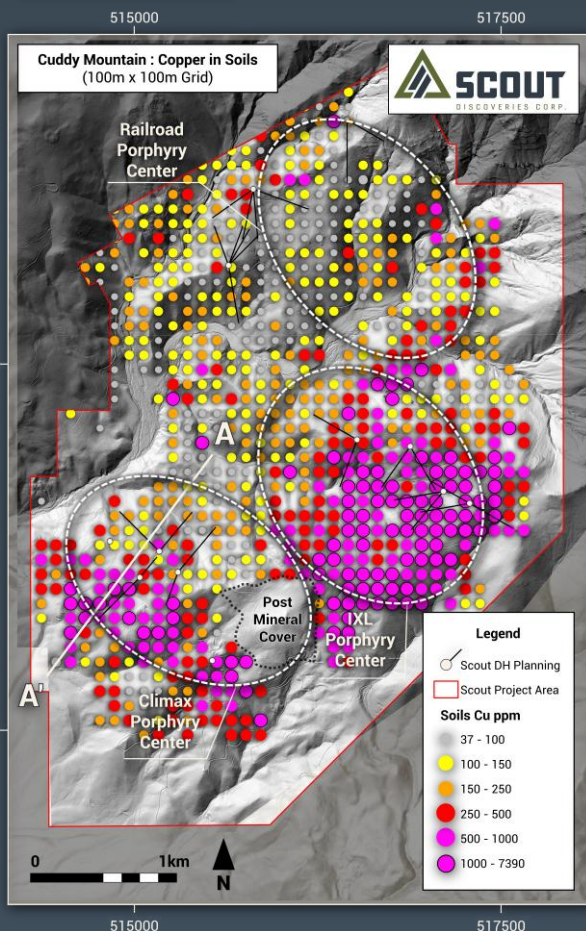
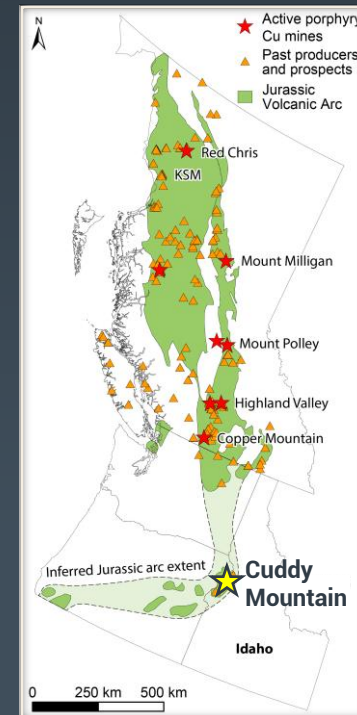
- Extension of the well-endowed Porphyry Cu-Au Stikinia/Quesnel terrains of British Columbia into Idaho
- Significant land position; >10 km² of Jurassic porphyry Cu alteration/mineralization with skarn mineralization, adjacent to 2023 Hercules porphyry Cu discovery
- High-potential drill targets; multi-km porphyry Cu, Mo, and Au surface anomalies validated by 2024 geophysics – three interpreted porphyry centers
- Shallow, 10s - 100s meter thick intercepts of 0.1-0.8% Cu in historic drilling support the presence of a large porphyry Cu system – no historic Au assays despite prior placer Au production on the property
- Drill testing of these anomalies commenced in Fall of 2025 and is ongoing - 10,000 m Phase I drill program

DETAILS

- **Location:** 195 km NW of Boise, Idaho
- **Access:** Paved highways for access and a network of well-maintained gravel roads/trails cross the property
- **Land Status:** 156 unpatented Federal lode claims (~1,214 ha) + 1 patented claim on Payette National Forest
- **Ownership:** 100% Scout owned, acquired via staking in 2020

OPPORTUNITY

- **Significant Discovery Potential:** Large, untested targets beneath robust geochemical and geophysical anomalies
- **Potential for Tier One Discovery:** Anomaly footprint matches world-class porphyries like Bingham (Utah) and El Teniente (Chile)
- **Strategic JV Opportunity:** To advance Cuddy Mountain toward resource definition and development



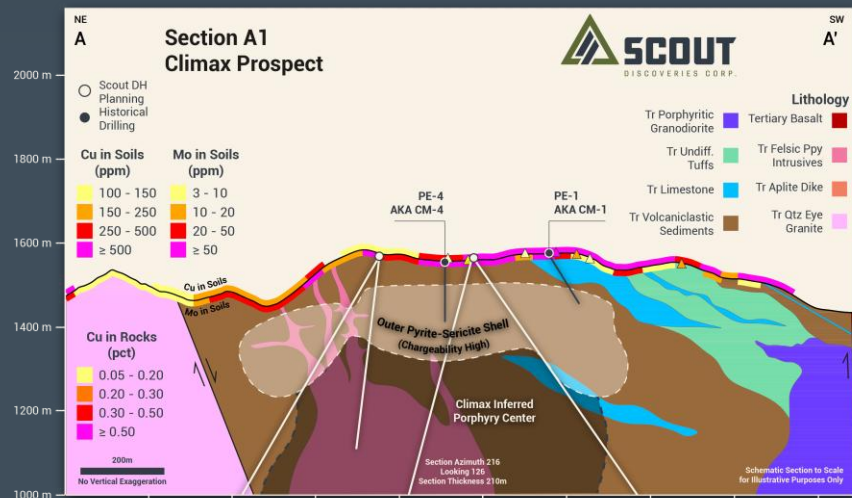
Cuddy Mountain

Porphyry Cu-Mo, Washington County, Idaho

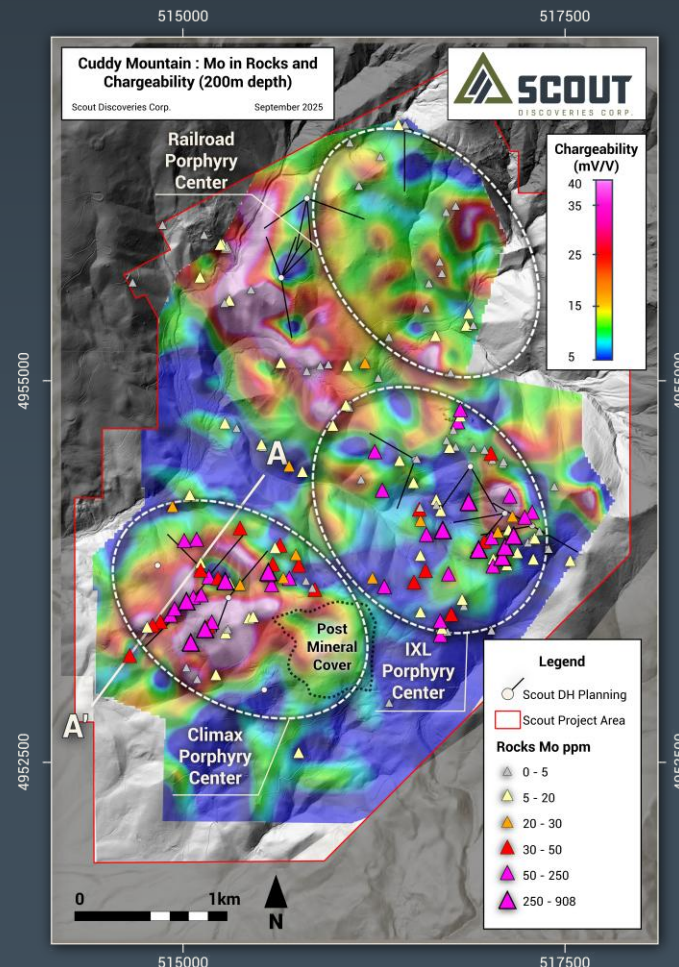


GEOLOGY

- **Host Rocks:** Alteration and mineralization are centered on a ~4 km² Jurassic-aged plutonic stock. This stock intrudes Triassic-aged volcanic/sedimentary pile analogous to the Stikinia/Quesnel Terranes of British Columbia
- **Structure:** Regional-scale thrust faulting and folding associated with accretion has rotated the porphyry system to the northwest. Small- to modest-offset normal faults on the property related to Basin and Range extension post date thrust faults/folding
- **Mineralization:**
 - **Porphyry Cu-Mo:** Disseminated chalcopyrite-molybdenite mineralization is associated with potassic alteration (IXL Mine)
 - **Cu Skarn:** Chalcopyrite-magnetite-specular hematite mineralization associated with skarn-type alteration (Climax prospect). Outcropping Cu Mineralization in garnet-magnetite skarns (Railroad prospect).
 - **Gold Potential:** Historic Au placer production on the property suggests an untested Au-bearing porphyry system



- **Geochemistry:** Shallow historic drilling identified 10s-100s-meter thick zones of Cu mineralization. 2024 soil sampling indicates robust Cu-Mo mineralization concentrated around three inferred porphyry centers



TARGETS

- **Climax Porphyry Center:** 2024 soil and rock sampling revealed a robust geochemical anomaly; 2024 geophysical surveys validated these findings and suggest a near-surface mineralized body
- **IXL Mine:** Extend known porphyry Cu mineralization through drill testing of Cu soil anomaly to the northwest. Potential to extend mineralization up to 2 km northwest by drilling mapped zones of K-silicate and sericite alteration.
- **Railroad Prospect:** Potential to discover high-grade Cu skarn mineralization that has not been fully drill tested.

Partner with Scout Discoveries Corp.

Scout Discoveries Corp is an Idaho based discovery generator, which focuses on advancing a large portfolio through drilling and resource assessment. Scout has internal core drilling capabilities, and our in-house teams are equipped to manage a project from its initial staking phase to resource estimation, allowing for cost-effective operations.

Once a project reaches a certain stage, we seek joint venture partners to further develop and commercialize the findings.

Amanda Irons, CPG, a Qualified Person as defined by National Instrument 43-101 and employee of the Company, has reviewed, verified and approved disclosure of the technical information contained in this presentation.